INSTALLATION OF THE SPC FLOOR WITHOUT INTEGRATED UNDERLAY



Before delivering the floor to the installation site, doors and windows must be installed in the building and all wet trades must be completed, e.g. plastering, construction of partition walls, painting, etc. If there are basements under the installation site in the building, they must be dry and well ventilated. SPC panels can be installed in all residential rooms such as: living rooms, bedrooms, kitchens and bathrooms and in most public facilities.

SPC floors should be used as intended for specific room types (utility class) in accordance with ISO 10874. You can find information about the intended use of a specific SPC floor for different room types (utility class) on the product packaging, in the product's technical data sheet, and on the product description available at our website: www.barlinek.com.

Handle packaging containing SPC floor panels carefully during transport and unloading to avoid any mechanical damage. Store SPC floor panels in their original packaging in a dry place, in a horizontal position, on pallets or wooden beams. Maintain a free space of at least 75 mm between the SPC panel packaging and the substrate.

To ensure its acclimatisation, store the floor for at least 24 hours in its original packaging in the room where it is to be installed.

The air temperature in the room should be between +18°C and +29°C.

Concrete <2% CM Anhidrite < 0,5% CM	The moisture content (humidity) of the wooden subfloor (or wood-based boards) should not exceed 12%. The moisture content (humidity) should not exceed 2% for concrete subfloor and 0,5% for anhydrite subfloor. The measurement results should be documented.
Concrete <1.5% CM Anhidrite < 0,3% CM	If the SPC panels are installed on an underfloor heating system, the moisture content (humidity) should not exceed 1,5% for concrete subfloor and 0,3% for anhydrite subfloor. The measurement results should be documented.
← 2m max 5mm	The maximum permissible unevenness is up to 5 mm, measured over a length of 2 m. Spot/local unevenness must not exceed 2 mm over a length of 1 m.
	Brush or vacuum clean the subfloor before installing the SPC panels. The subfloor should be free of dust, debris, paints, varnishes, wax, grease, oil, hardeners, sealants, solvents, sand, glue residues, fats and other foreign bodies.
X X X	The subfloor should be dry, stable without scratches and cracks and clean without visible dirt. Fill cracks and defects in cement or anhydrite subfloor with filler. For floating installation on ceramic tiles, fill joints with a width of more than 5 mm and a depth of 2 mm with filler. For adhesive installation, fill all joints with putty and read the adhesive system manufacturer's guidelines.





	• Priming must be used when gluing panels on
	anhydrite screeds
	Calif I walling a server a words a war CT to a server a ser
	• Self-leveling compounds – use CT type
	of at least C25. 56
	of at least C25, F6.
INSTALLATION ON UNDERFLOOR COOLING SYSTEMS	 It is very important that the underfloor cooling system is equipped with appropriate control systems that prevent water vapour condensation on the floor surface. To prevent this, the temperature of cold water in the underfloor cooling system pipes should not fall below a specified value. Each room with an underfloor cooling system should have a sensor installed that calculates the dependence of relative air humidity on the floor panel surface temperature and cuts off the cold water supply before the so-called dew point is reached, i.e. before water vapour begins to condense on the surface of the panels. Thermostats in rooms should not be set to a temperature lower than 23°C. In addition, the difference between the temperature should not exceed 5°C. Example: room temperature 30°C, temperature set on the thermostat minimum 25°C. The underfloor cooling system should be protected against a drop in the water temperature in the system below ±18°C. The maximum thermal resistance of the installed floor is R≤0.15m²K/W. To ensure minimum thermal resistance, Barlinek recommends using an adhesive floor installation system or a floor underlay with a very low heat loss coefficient: i.e. the EXTREME 1.5 underfloor cooling system can be restarted 48 hours before installing the floor. The underfloor cooling system can be restarted 48 hours after the floor installation. The moisture content should not exceed 1,8% for cement screed and 0,3% for anhydrite screed. Measurements should be performed using the carbide method, the so-called CM method. Other installation and use parameters are in accordance with the installation instructions and the Terms of Use and Care of the SPC Floors. For more information, please visit www.barlinek.com To decide whether to use an underfloor cooling system, a heat balance should be prepared at the design stage. Otherwise, the cooling equipment may be selected incorrectly and the entire cooling system may not operate efficiently enough.
INSTALLATION ON UNDERFLOOR HEATING SYSTEM	



The SPC floors can be installed on a water or electric underfloor heating system. The floorboards can be glued to the screed or installed as a floating flooring.

IMPORTANT

The precondition for laying the floorboards on an underfloor heating system is to conduct the screed heating process and prepare a screed heating report - this applies to new, unheated screeds in which the heating system is embedded. The screed heating process should also be performed in the summer. The information on the screed heating and the screed heating report can be found at www.barlinek.com. When gluing the floorboards to the underlay, follow the instructions of the manufacturers of the adhesive systems recommended by Barlinek available at www.barlinek.com

The maximum temperature on the SPC floor surface during the operation of the underfloor heating system should not exceed 27°C. The screed moisture content for installation on an underfloor heating system should not exceed:

1.5% CM for cement screeds 0.3% CM for anhydrite screeds To avoid uneven operation of the panel core, the entire floor surface should be heated. This also guarantees the greatest comfort of use (no colder spots on the floor surface). Floors installed on an underfloor heating system must not be covered with carpets. Furniture placed on the floor with an underfloor heating system, e.g. sofas, should have legs at least 10 cm high. Do not start the underfloor heating system during installation of the floor panels. During the SPC floor installation, the underfloor heating system must be switched off and the underlay (screed) surface temperature should be between +18°C and +29°C.

For the SPC floor installed as a floating floor on a heated substrate, maintain expansion joints between the heated surfaces and the surfaces without the underfloor heating system. The underfloor heating system should be started no earlier than 48 hours after the completion of the SPC floor installation. When using the SPC floor installed on an underfloor heating system, remember that the evaporation of any liquids spilled on the floor surface may be accelerated. Therefore, any stains of liquids such as wine, urine, milk, etc., should be removed from the floor surface

	immediately, because if they dry on the SPC
	panel surface, they may cause permanent
	discolouration of the floor.
	The height of the screed overlay above the
	heating elements should be at least 20 mm.
	Installation on heating foils - infrared heating mats:
	 underlay - minimum 4 mm thick, well insulating - usually XPS with CS≥400 kPa; the thickness of the underlay should allow for the placement of connectors and cables; heating foil; vapour barrier film or construction mombrane;
	4. SPC floor
	temperature controllers must be used; floor temperature sensors must be used; for fitters – thermal seals are recommended;
	Please note that individual production batches of the SPC floors may slightly differ in shades. Therefore, floors from one production batch should be installed within one room. Check the conformity of the production batch before starting the installation. The production batch number can be found on the panel packaging (i.e. "Batch no"). To facilitate the identification of the installed floors' production batch in the after-sales processes, make and keep after installation a photo of the package of the installed SPC panels, with the production batch number visible.
X	Install panels from several packages, choosing them appropriately according to colours to achieve a balanced visual effect for the floor.
	Order approx. 3% more panels than the measured floor area. For rooms with many angles or obstacles and rooms where SPC panels are installed diagonally across the room or at connections with ceramic tiles, it may be
	necessary to order approx. 10% more panels than the measured floor area.

Before installation, the investor or fitter should check the SPC panels for compliance with the order. Check the panels for quality, finish, gloss, colour, mechanical damage (information on the product type can be found on the label or in the installation instructions or product card). In case of doubt, the investor or fitter should not use any SPC panel that they consider unsuitable for installation and should immediately contact the seller. Installing a damaged SPC panel, a panel that does not comply with the order or a panel with visible defects or unacceptable visual features will void the warranty.
Heavy items such as a kitchen island or furniture can be placed on the floor without the need to create expansion joints around the structure. However, it is required to make a perimeter expansion joint around fixed elements leading from the floor to the kitchen island, e.g. water and sewage installation.
Recommended tools and materials to installthe floor:Protective gogglesVacuum cleaner or sweeping brushKnee padsProtective glovesHammer with a white rubber headSpacer wedgesPry barTape measurePencilCircular sawSpirit levelA knife for cuttingTape for gluingUnderlay for panels

CS≥400 kPa	Unfold the underlay for panels. Install adjacent strips of underlay so that they touch each other. For floating installation, use an underlay with the following parameters: CC - long-term static load ≥ 90 kPa CS - short-term load ≥ 400 kPa DL - dynamic load ≥ 4 000 000 cycles The underlay must withstand various loads over its service life. Using an underlay with lower parameters results in incorrect installation of the floor and loss of warranty. Barlinek offers a dedicated Extreme 1.5 underlay that meets the indicated technical requirements.
≥ 10 mm	Start installing panels from the left side of the wall and continue to the right side. The width of the expansion joint should be at least 10 mm. Spacer wedges help maintain the same expansion joint width. Make the expansion joint along the perimeter of the room and around any other obstacles such as columns, stairs, ceramic tiles, etc.
	Align the short edge of the next SPC panel with the edge of the preceding panel. Ensure the edges of the SPC panels align perfectly. The connected panels must be precisely aligned.
	Gently tap the joint with a white rubber head hammer and lock the joint by tapping in sequence 1 and 2. If the joint is properly locked, the top layer of the panels should form one plane and there should be no visible difference in levels between the connected elements.

$ \begin{array}{c} $	We can use a hand or electric circular saw to cut the panels. When cutting the peripheral panels, remember to leave an expansion joint of at least 10 mm. The recommended length of the peripheral panel (A) in the first row of panels should be at least 200 mm. If the cut length of panel (B) is longer than 200 mm, you can use it to start laying the second row of panels. The distance between end-to-end joints in two adjacent rows of panels should be at least 200 mm.
× 1,200 mm × 1	Insert the first SPC panel in the second row of panels at an angle of approximately 30° into the joint of the panel in the first row of panels. Recommended length of the installed SPC panel is minimum 200 mm.
	If the panel does not fall freely during installation, attempt to wiggle it in by tilting it up and pressing it down lightly.
	Use the tapping block to tap the long side of the panel. When installing the panels, always tap the joints on the long side of the panel.
~30°	Insert the second panel in the second row of panels at an angle of approximately 30° into the joint of the panel installed in the first row of panels.



	Cut holes in the SPC panel. Draw a line through the centre of the holes and cut the panel with a circular saw.
	Glue the cut piece of the panel using assembly adhesive.
≥ 10mm	Important: There is no need to make an expansion joint in the passages from one room to another. Only make expansion joints at walls and other structures permanently embedded in the building, e.g. stairs, columns and other obstacles. The maximum dimensions of the floor plan of a house/apartment for which the SPC floor installed as a floating floor does not require expansion joints in doorways are 15x15 m.
	Knock home the final row of the SPC panels using a metal lug.
	After installing the entire floor, install decorative skirting boards. Attach the skirting boards only to the walls using assembly clips or assembly adhesive.



 Do not use high-pressure or steam washers to clean the floor. Trim pets' claws to prevent damage to the floor. Do not move heavy furniture or equipment across the floor. Floor care products other than those recommended by Barlinek may damage the varnish layer, change the colour and gloss of the floor and stain the floor. Do not use wax, paraffin or silicone-based floor care products. For daily care, we recommend dry cleaning (vacuuming, sweeping). Clean the floor with a mop, along the panels.
Place doormats at the entrances to the apartment to effectively prevent sand, earth and water from being brought in on the soles of shoes. Protect your floor by placing protective mats in front of and/or behind each entrance. Protective mats will collect dirt, sand, pebbles and other solid particles and absorb moisture. Keep protective mats clean. Do not use latex or rubber backed mats on the SPC floors as some compounds in latex and rubber can permanently stain or damage the panels. Protective mats for laying on the SPC panels should be marked as "non-staining".
All furniture and other devices that are in contact with the floor should be equipped with protective pads, e.g. felt pads, which should be replaced regularly.
Place armchairs and other furniture equipped with hard plastic casters on plastic protective mats. If the protective mats are not used, replace the castors with W-type hard floor castors.

The floor exposed to sunlight (UV light) will change its original colour.
IMPORTANT
The Terms of Use and Care of the SPC Floors
and the Warranty Conditions for the SPC Floors
can be found on the barlinek.com website.